nonulation

LEVENS CENSUS INFORMATION

IMPORTANT – SEE NOTES 1 & 2 BELOW

	census		population	
source	year	acreage	total	males
enumerator's sheets on ancestry.co.uk –	1841	?	993	503
entries counted by ACS	1041	?	993	503
enumerator's sheets on ancestry.co.uk – entries counted by ACS	1851	?	938	497
visionofbritain.org.uk	1861	?	936	483
visionofbritain.org.uk	1871	3518	935	478
visionofbritain.org.uk	1881	3518	945	496
visionofbritain.org.uk	1891	3414	953	474
visionofbritain.org.uk	1901	3553	794	395
visionofbritain.org.uk	1911	3553	708	346
visionofbritain.org.uk	1921	3516	710	341
visionofbritain.org.uk	1931	3516	733	359
visionofbritain.org.uk	1951	3516	844	373
visionofbritain.org.uk	1961	3516	903	426
Office of National Statistics by email 26 Mar 2008	1971	3424	870	425
2000	1971	3424	070	425
ONS publication "1981 Ward & Civil Parish				
Monitor – Cumbria" - Civil Parish info used	1981	3254	1055	517
ONS publication "1991 Ward & Civil Parish				
Monitor – Cumbria" - Civil Parish info used	1991	2834	1013	476
statistics.gov.uk/neighbourhood/	2001	?	1007	482
ukcensusdata.com	2011	2832	1049	510

census

Census Information for Levens Township (Civil Parish from 1891 census onwards) is not just Beathwaite Green/Cotes/Cinc Sampool, Lord's Plain, College Green, Ninezergh, Mabbin Hall, Sizergh Cottages, Sizergh Fell, Force Cottages, Heaves, I

Whitbarrow Lodge area (14 persons,4 houses) absorbed into Crosthwaite & Lyth 25 Mar 1886

area now included 67 acres of "water only"

126 acres & 34 persons transferred to Helsington & 25 acres & 0 persons from Helsington w.e.f. 01 Apr 1970

census not done in 1941

some boundary changes took place between 1981 & 1991, details not known

sub areas E00097967/8/9/70

NOTE 1. – Note that the censuses record persons present on the night of the census. This obviously excludes resi For 1981 & 1991 the published info differentiates between total "persons present" and "residents' & I have used th

NOTE 2. - Due to snapshot character of census information undue emphasis should not be given to the precise po

COMMENTS

1 – Note the population decline between the 1881 & 1901 censuses. This is significant and not just due to the interpretation of the census documents or "snapshot" character of the data. Presume there was a genuine decline due to migration within the UK and emigration to other countries.

2 – Note that in the 1901 census there were a total of 11 buildings shown as unoccupied in Bridge Row (inc Toll Ba was the entire row of houses. Where had all the people gone? In 1891, 32 people were recorded in 7 houses (plus Bridge Row, and in 1881 there were 34 people in 8 houses (plus 3 empty ones) and no mention of a pub. In 1871 th empties and 10 houses held 33 people, & there had been a pub (Bridge Inn). The 1861 census listed 69 people in 1 1851 there were 59 in 11 houses plus one empty and in 1841 a total of 74 people were recorded in 13 houses (plus uninhabited). Whatever the vagaries of census data interpretation might apply to these figures it is obvious that qu existed at Bridge Row, to say nothing of the adjacent Toll bar, pub, smithy & the dwellings known as Bridge End & was empty in 1901. Unfortunately, Subsequent census years are not accessible. Note that Bridge Row is (in 2008) been inhabited within living memory and that the last time the Levens School admissions register records the admr living at Bridge Row was April 1947 (Isabel Looker).

females	houses or from 1921, households	persons/household
490	180	5.52
441	187	5.02
453	191	4.9
457	204	4.58
449	199	4.75
479	196	4.86
399	180	4.41
362	176	4.02
369	171	4.15
374	187	3.92
471	238	3.55
477	278	3.25
445	320	2.72
538	400	2.64
537	431	2.35
525	453	2.22
539	498	2.11

lerbarrow because it includes parts of Brigsteer & Leasgill as well as Hyning, Bridge End & Whitbarrow Lodge. Note subsequent area changes.

idents who were away, but includes visitors. le latter information.

opulation totals.

r cottage). This 4 empty) in ere were no 1 houses. In one Jite a community Birks, but which known to have vission of a child